



# Gaming Grammar: Developing a digital game for foreign language grammar learning

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# Outline

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- Motivation for the project
- Games and practice
- The design of the game
- The evaluation
- Analysing the online play data: Results and conclusions



**DESIGN**      **PRODUCE**      **EVALUATE**

a digital game for foreign language grammar  
learning



# Motivation

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“understand basic grammar appropriate  
to the language being studied”

(DfE, 2013)



# Teacher survey

Would you be interested in using a digital game for teaching FL grammar?

90% Yes; 10% Maybe  
(N = 140)

Use at home Independent learning  
Competition

Aids learning Individualised  
Save time Track progress

Engaging Motivating  
Lack of grammar games

Technology savvy

New and varied resources Instant feedback

Makes grammar fun



# Online digital gamed-based tools

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Importance of **meaningful practice** to facilitate language development e.g. grammatical knowledge



Set within a communicative context

attention to meaning as well as form

(Cornillie et al., 2017; DeKeyser, 2007; Ortega, 2007; VanPatten, 2004)

Embed practice in wider context

**Repetition** without becoming **repetitious** (DeKeyser, 2007; Lynch & Maclean, 2001)

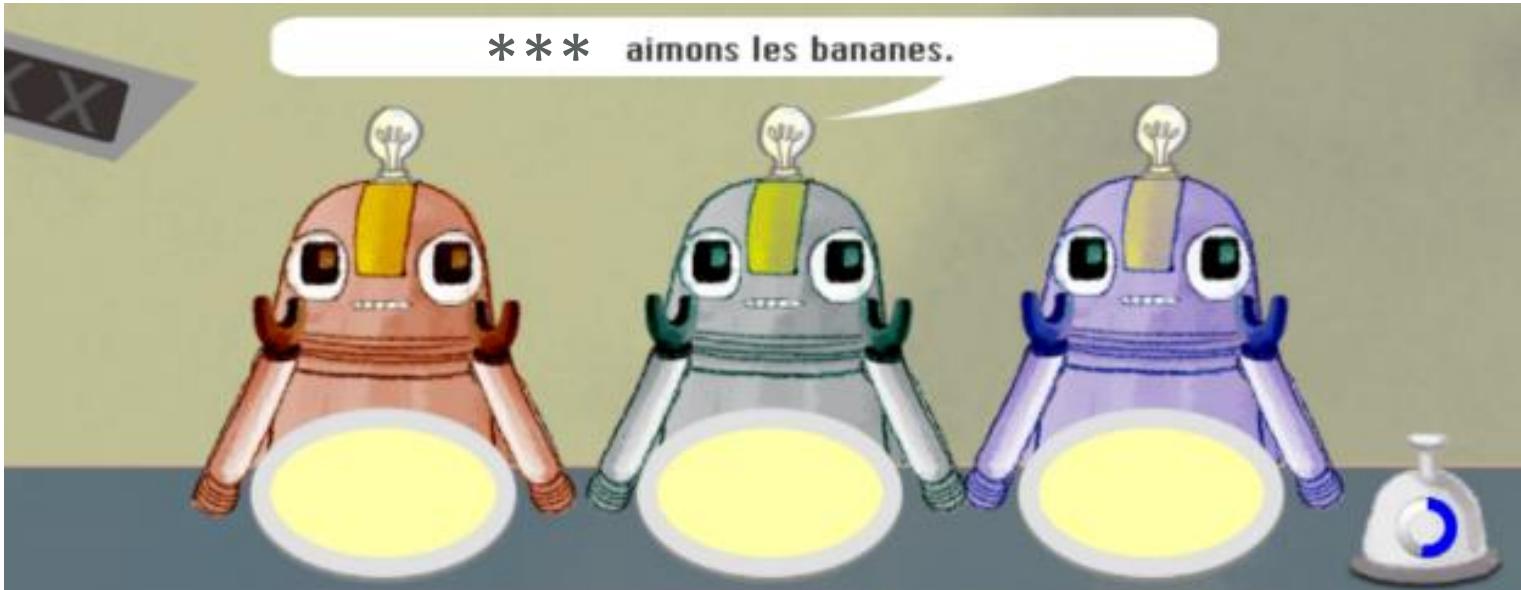
Key characteristics of a game: Goals, Interaction, Context, Feedback (Sykes & Reinhardt, 2012)



# The underpinning learning theory

## Form-Meaning Mapping practice (Input-based)

- Short grammar explanation PLUS
- Repeated practice via meaningful L+R activities



Should you feed ONE robot or ALL of the robots?

Push learners to focus on:  
**FORM + MEANING**

Numerous studies conducted with  
**young** and **adult** learners, a **range of languages** and **grammar features**

Marsden (2006):

- 13-14 year olds
- L2 French verb conjugation
- FMM activities > Enriched Input

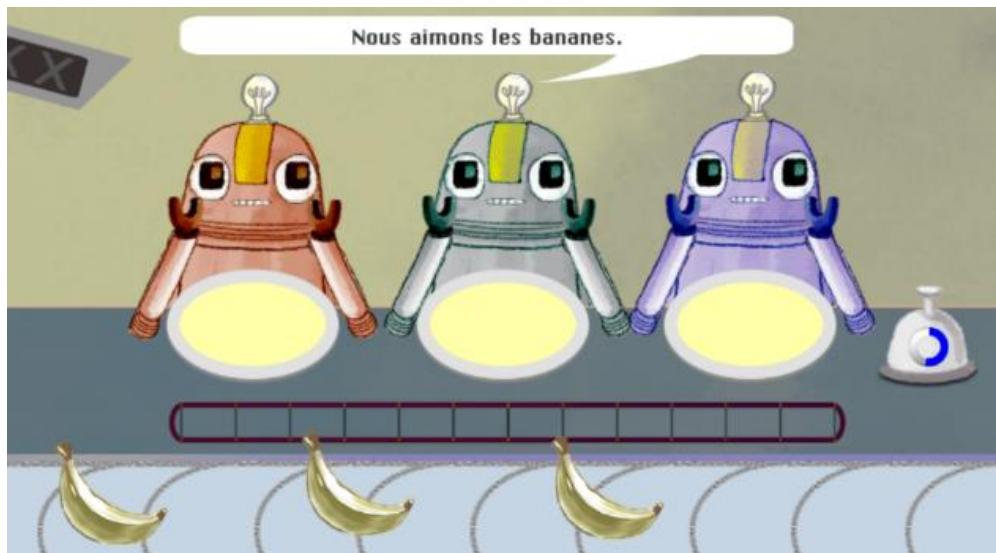


# Gaming Grammar: The Game

Series of mini-games

L2 French verb conjugation

	Number	Tense (+avoir)
1 <sup>st</sup> person	-e vs. -ons	je vs. j'ai
3 <sup>rd</sup> person	-e vs. -ent	il / elle vs. il / elle a

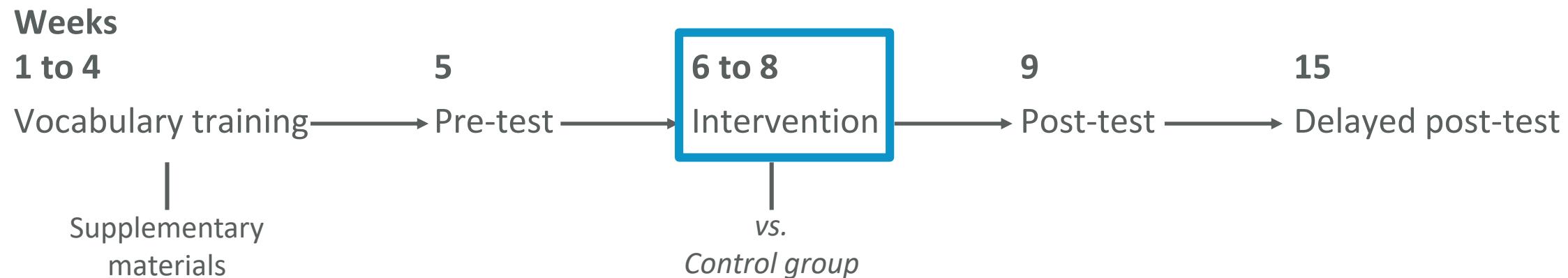


# Evaluation: Research Questions

## Does meaningful, game-based, grammar practice lead to learning?

## Experimental, classroom-based study

- 6 primary school classes, 150 children (aged 8 to 11)
- L1 English, L2 French (beginners)



# Evaluation: Research Questions

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## Frequency of play

How much practice and how often?

- Limited time available within the language classroom (Tinsley & Board, 2017)
- Technology offers more flexibility

Mixed findings from previous studies

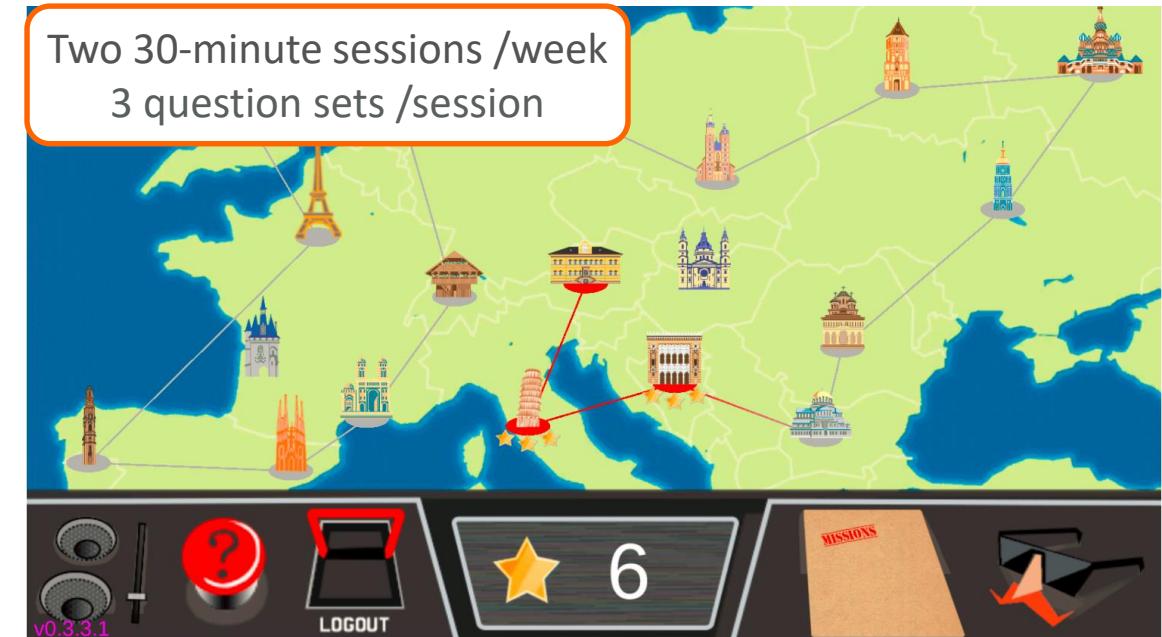
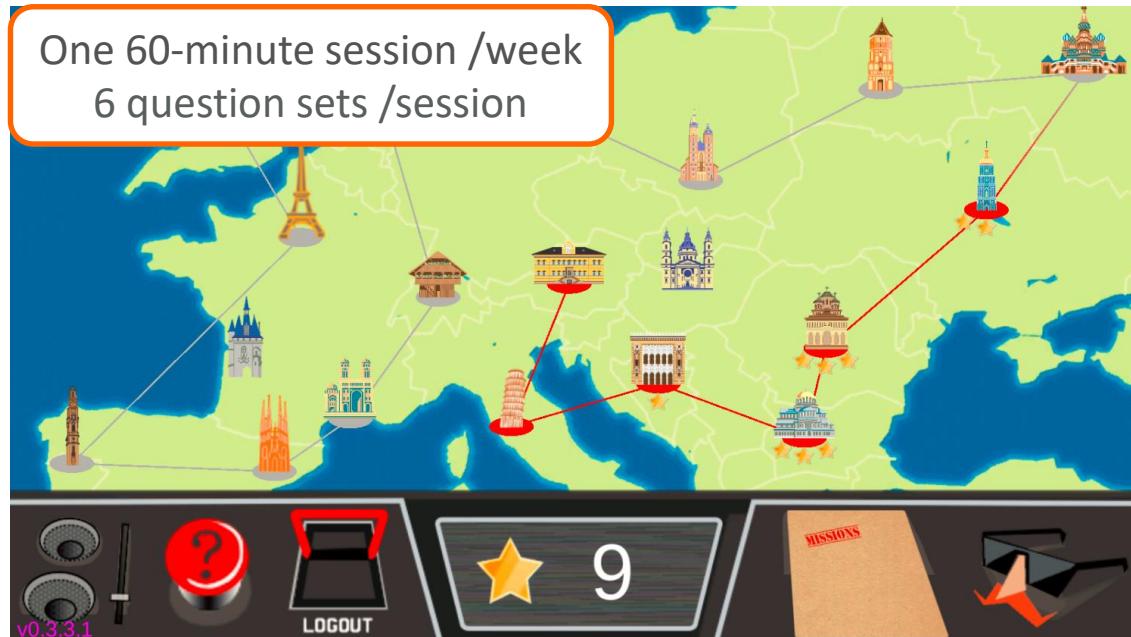
- Longer spacing > short spacing (e.g. Bird, 2010; Rogers, 2015)
- Longer spacing = < shorter spacing (e.g. Suzuki & DeKeyser, 2015; Suzuki, 2017)

Is the learning effectiveness of the game mediated by **frequency of play**?



# Evaluation: Implementing variables

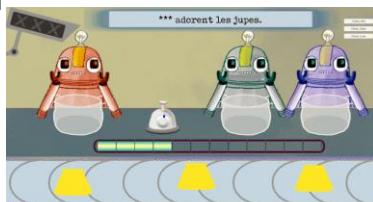
## Frequency of play



1<sup>st</sup> person  
singular vs. plural  
-e vs. -ons



3<sup>rd</sup> person  
singular vs. plural  
-e vs. -ent



1<sup>st</sup> person  
present vs. past  
je vs. j'ai



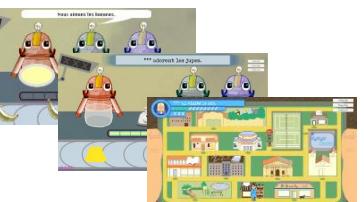
3<sup>rd</sup> person  
present vs. past  
il/elle vs. il/elle a



1<sup>st</sup> vs. 3<sup>rd</sup> person  
past  
j'ai vs. il/elle a

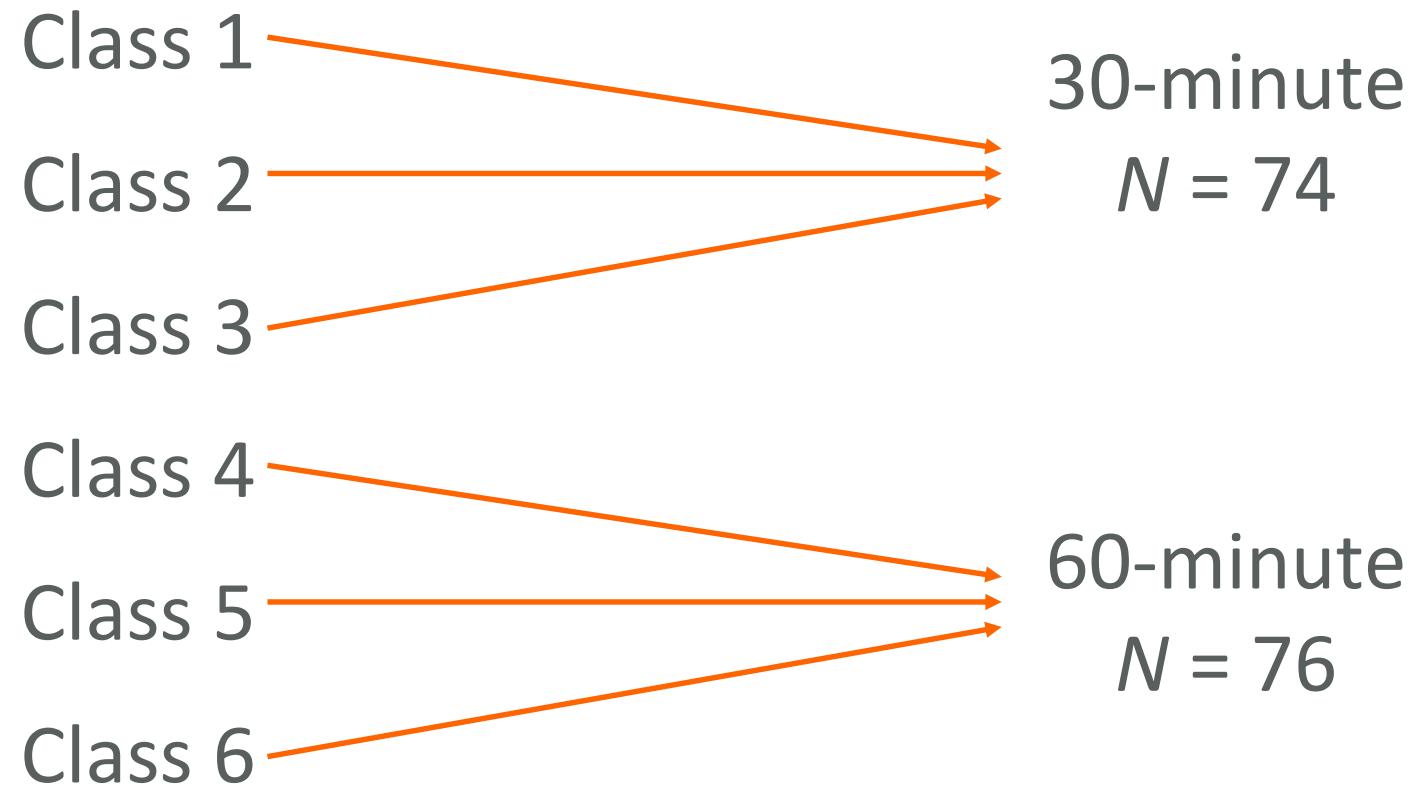


Recap



# Evaluation: Group allocation

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# Explicit information & Feedback

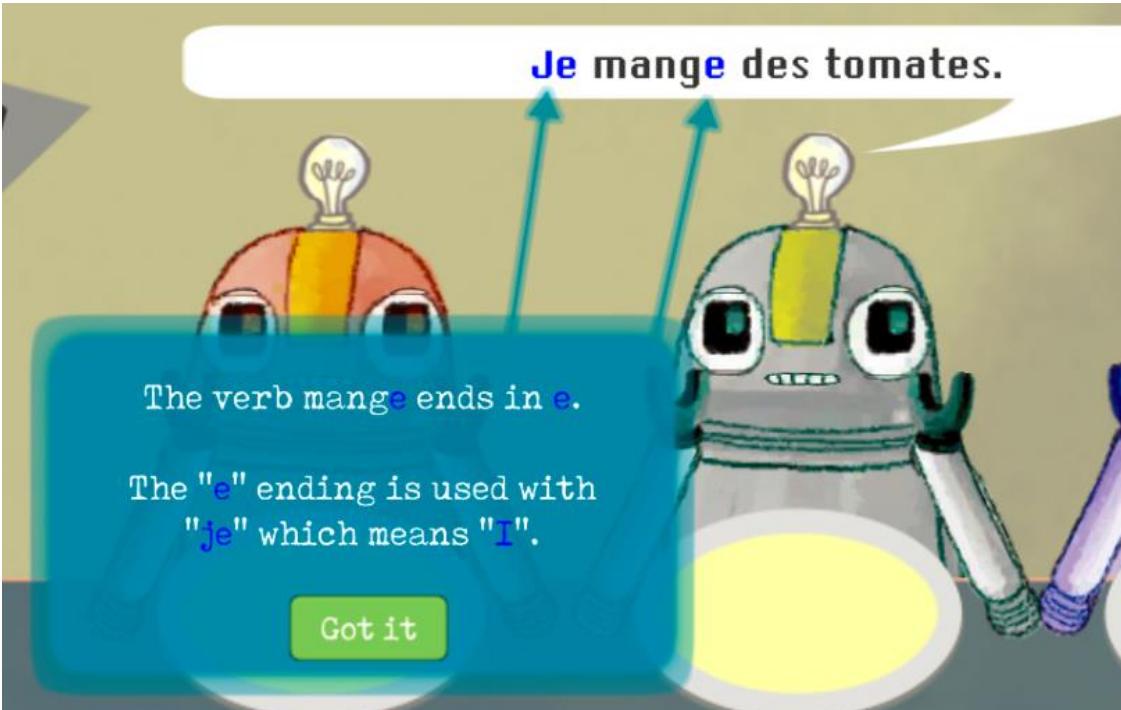
One mini-game per grammar feature

3 question sets (Reading and Listening / Reading only / Listening only)

12 items per question set

## Tutorial:

R&L; Qs 1 & 2



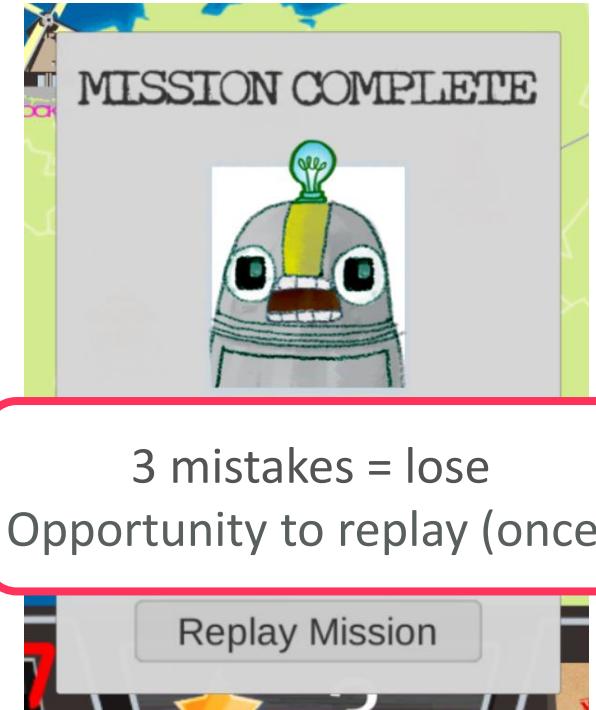
## Feedback:

Reminder of grammatical rule



## Reward:

Star rating

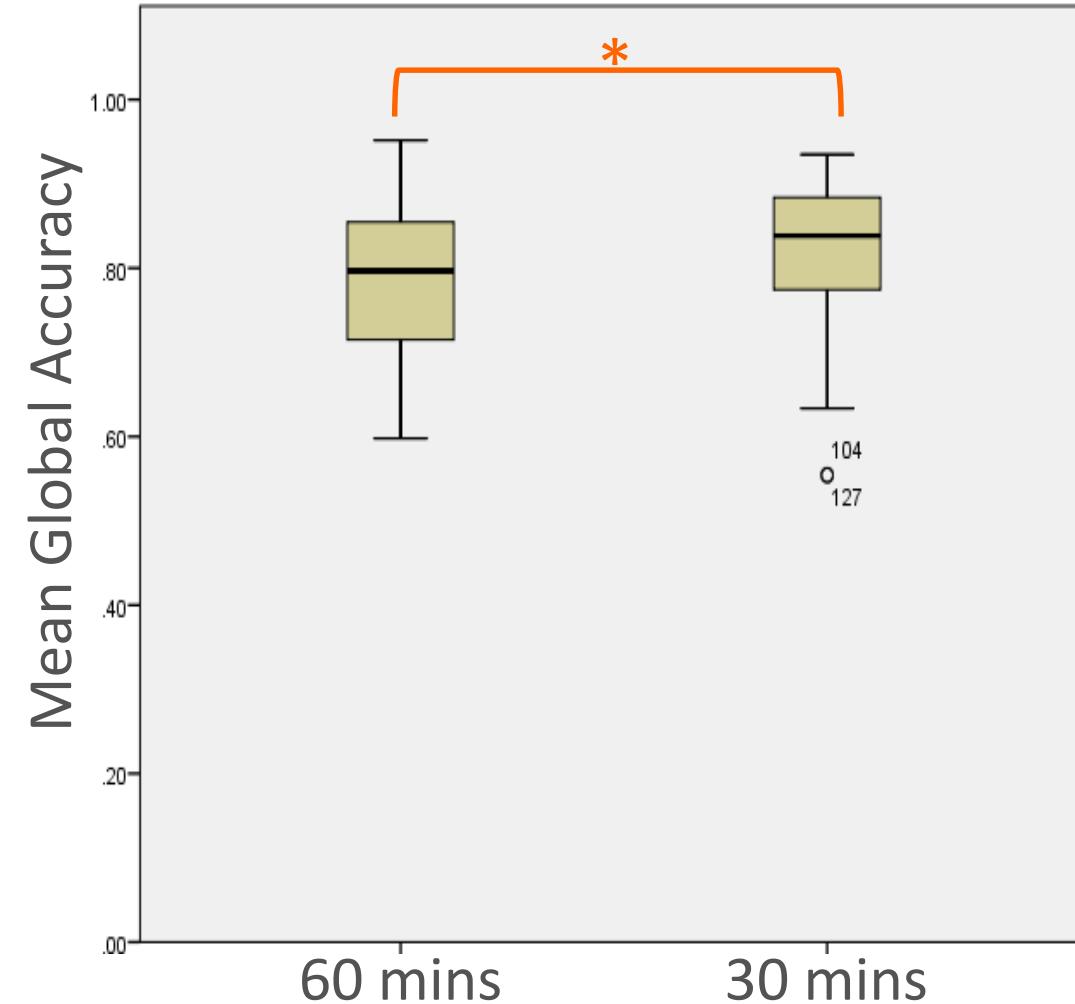


Class	nQuestion	nCorrect	[03]IsCor	[03]Respc	[04]IsCor	[04]Respc	[05]IsCor	[05]Respc	[06]IsCor	[06]Respc	[07]IsCor	[07]Respc	[08]IsCor	[08]Respc	[09]IsCor	[09]Respc	[10]IsCor	[10]Respc	[12]IsCor	[12]Respc	[13]IsCor	[13]Respc
Class 1A	10	10	1	5.629	1	8.42	1	4.515	1	8.214	1	7.768	1	8.052	1	4.59	1	10.003	1	10.003	1	6.055
Class 1A	11	10	1	8.075	1	7.532	1	8.47	1	7.056	1	7.564	1	10.007	1	5.171	1	8.298	0	5.208	1	6.391
Class 1A	10	10	1	7.262	1	5.065	1	3.95	1	6.735	1	4.967	1	7.535	1	2.68	1	3.435	1	7.372	1	7.547
Class 1A	12	10	1	3.017	1	6.058	1	6.4	1	5.6	1	6.802	0	7.138	1	2.583	1	2.902	0	5.238	1	8.767
Class 1A	10	10	1	5.168	1	6.412	1	4.784	1	4.995	1	5.55	1	7.567	1	3.401	1	5.748	1	3.953	1	7.147
Class 1A	11	10	1	3	0	10.018	1	2.283	1	6.782	1	6.715	1	10	1	3.465	1	5.953	1	4.523	1	8.365
Class 1A	6	3	1	7.302	0	10.016	1	5.967	0	4.401	1	10.034	0	10.017								
Class 1A	12	9	1	7.102	1	9.927	1	4.414	0	3.622	1	8.4	1	10.009	1	6.65	0	9.99	1	6.468	1	8.683
Class 1A	10	10	1	5.918	1	7.032	1	3.835	1	7.667	1	7.267	1	8.983	1	4.734	1	4.966	1	5.884	1	8.431
Class 1A	12	10	1	4.12	1	10.015	1	7.817	1	9.69	0	10.002	1	10.015	1	5.515	1	8.2	0	9.452	1	9.664
Class 1A	4	1	1	7.749	0	10.015	0	9.545	0	9.085												
Class 1A	12	10	0	10.018	1	10.018	1	10.028	1	10.005	1	10.002	1	10.013	1	10.018	1	10.013	0	10.003	1	10.017
Class 1B	11	10	1	3.52	1	5.853	1	3.365	1	4.603	1	5.435	1	6.353	1	2.115	0	7.79	1	2.883	1	4.2

34,467 data points collected through gameplay

Class 1B	12	10	1	5.503	1	5.517	1	2.535	1	5.719	1	7.813	1	8.504	0	5.333	1	10.004	0	3.303	1	6.248
Class 1B	10	10	1	3.935	1	6.002	1	4.567	1	6.45	1	7.052	1	9.05	1	3.582	1	4.116	1	6.255	1	5.615
Class 1B	12	10	1	4.77	0	10.015	1	3.85	1	8.67	0	10.02	1	9.1	1	4.783	1	6.05	1	5.947	1	8.098
Class 1B	11	10	1	4.052	1	7.845	1	2.589	1	6.52	1	5.311	1	8.1	1	3.499	1	4.609	0	3.451	1	7.764
Class 2B	3	0	0	10.011	0	3.469	0	7.837														
Class 2B	10	10	1	6.016	1	7.467	1	2.502	1	6.568	1	8.356	1	7.682	1	3.595	1	4.734	1	4.748	1	5.778
Class 2B	11	10	1	3.102	1	5.151	1	4.823	1	4.835	1	5.398	1	5.191	1	3.119	1	3.625	0	7.028	1	4.398
Class 2B	10	10	1	3.384	1	5.401	1	2.751	1	7.723	1	5.906	1	7.566	1	3.222	1	8.775	1	3.298	1	6.042
Class 2B	10	10	1	4.983	1	8.413	1	3.679	1	6.261	1	6.292	1	7.67	1	4.177	1	4.004	1	5.023	1	6.849
Class 2B	10	10	1	3.556	1	6.165	1	2.602	1	4.918	1	7.096	1	10.013	1	2.633	1	2.748	1	3.402	1	5.556
Class 2B	10	10	1	3.322	1	7.831	1	2.995	1	7.583	1	6.38	1	6.5	1	2.848	1	3.424	1	2.868	1	5.315
Class 2B	10	10	1	3.556	1	4.751	1	8.582	1	5.831	1	5.688	1	6.415	1	2.646	1	3.117	1	2.659	1	5.887
Class 2B	10	10	1	2.517	1	5.732	1	2.164	1	7.372	1	4.59	1	8.167	1	2.686	1	2.704	1	7.076	1	9.197
Class 2B	11	10	1	3.667	1	6.918	1	4.735	1	6.935	1	9.524	1	5.794	1	4.879	1	4.029	0	9.874	1	5.426
Class 2B	11	10	1	7.681	1	5.557	1	7.202	1	8.434	1	5.031	1	8.471	1	2.704	1	8.933	0	4.65	1	5.794
Class 2B	12	10	1	2.684	1	7.052	0	6.013	1	6.501	1	6.214	1	8.767	1	3.054	1	3.029	0	8.037	1	5.525
Class 2B	10	10	1	6.528	1	6.676	1	2.417	1	7.317	1	5.365	1	7.221	1	2.649	1	3.453	1	4.636	1	6.205
Class 2B	3	0	0	9.806	0	9.26	0	7.714														
Class 2A	10	10	1	5.712	1	7.891	1	3.736	1	5.777	1	6.414	1	6.697	1	3.362	1	3.993	1	2.832	1	6.866
Class 2A	11	10	0	9.174	1	8.261	1	2.402	1	6.074	1	7.078	1	6.999	1	3.389	1	3.209	1	3.489	1	6.012
Class 2A	12	9	1	8.511	1	7.657	1	4.778	1	7.794	1	6.954	1	7.902	1	4.524	1	9.175	0	7.116	1	9.401

# Results: Global game data



## Global game accuracy

(Total questions correct / Total questions answered)

Overall accuracy was high for both groups

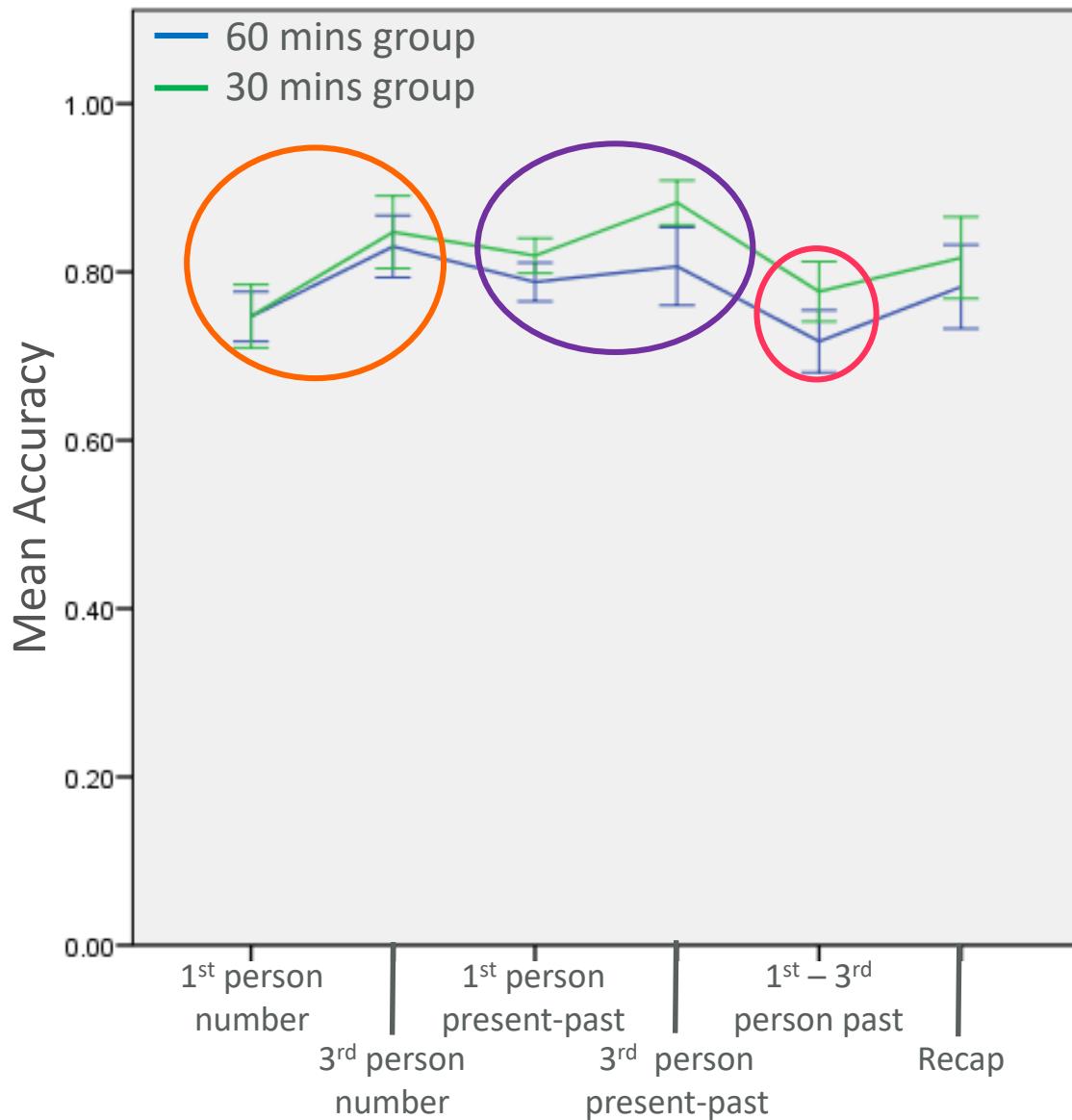
Higher accuracy for learners who completed  
two **30-minute** sessions per week

$(p = 0.047, d = 0.39)$



# Results: Mini-game data

3 question sets per grammar feature



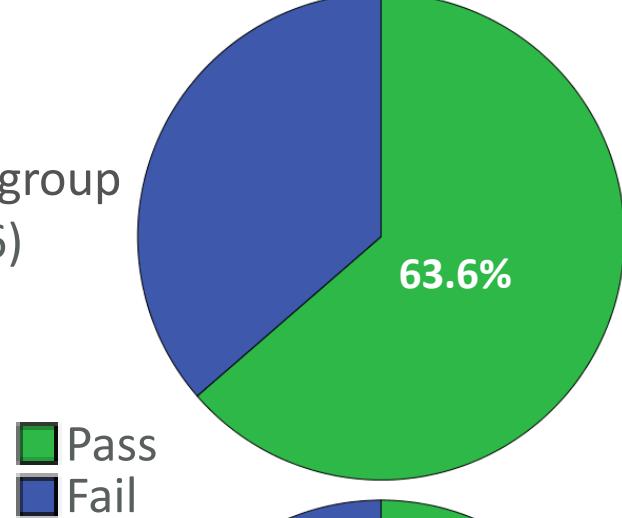
Similar trajectory across mini-games

Transfer of knowledge 1<sup>st</sup> to 3<sup>rd</sup> person for **number** and **tense**

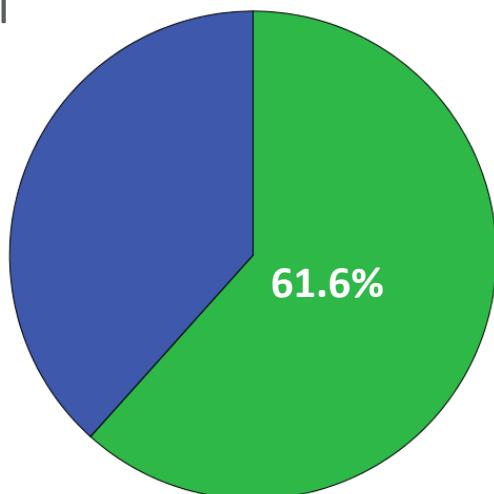
Difficulty with **1<sup>st</sup> vs. 3<sup>rd</sup>** person past tense

# Question set data

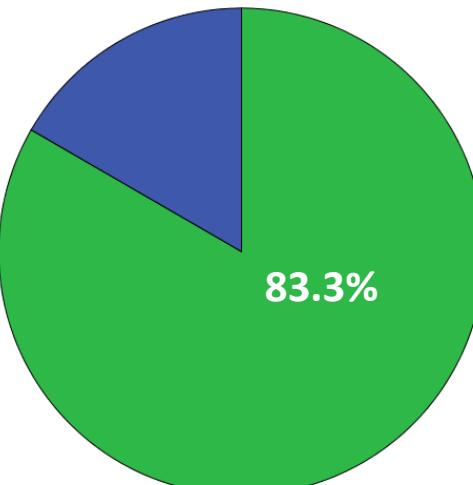
60-minute group  
(n = 66)



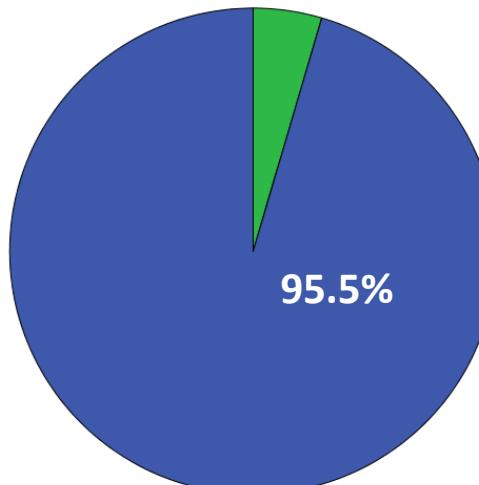
30-minute group  
(n = 73)



Reading only



Listening only



1<sup>st</sup> person present (*je*) vs. past (*j'ai*)

% learners passing  
1<sup>st</sup> play through

Similar performance  
between groups

Majority of learners  
applying rule correctly

Transfer of knowledge  
between **R&L** and **R only**  
question sets

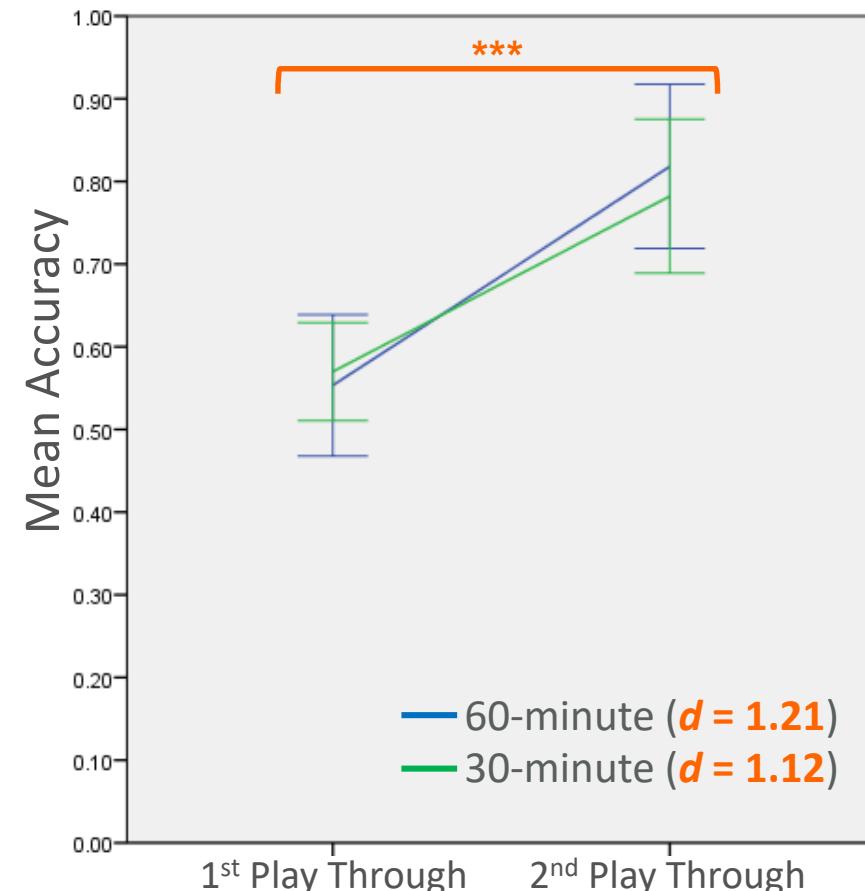
Listening problematic  
(*je* vs. *j'ai*)

# Question set data

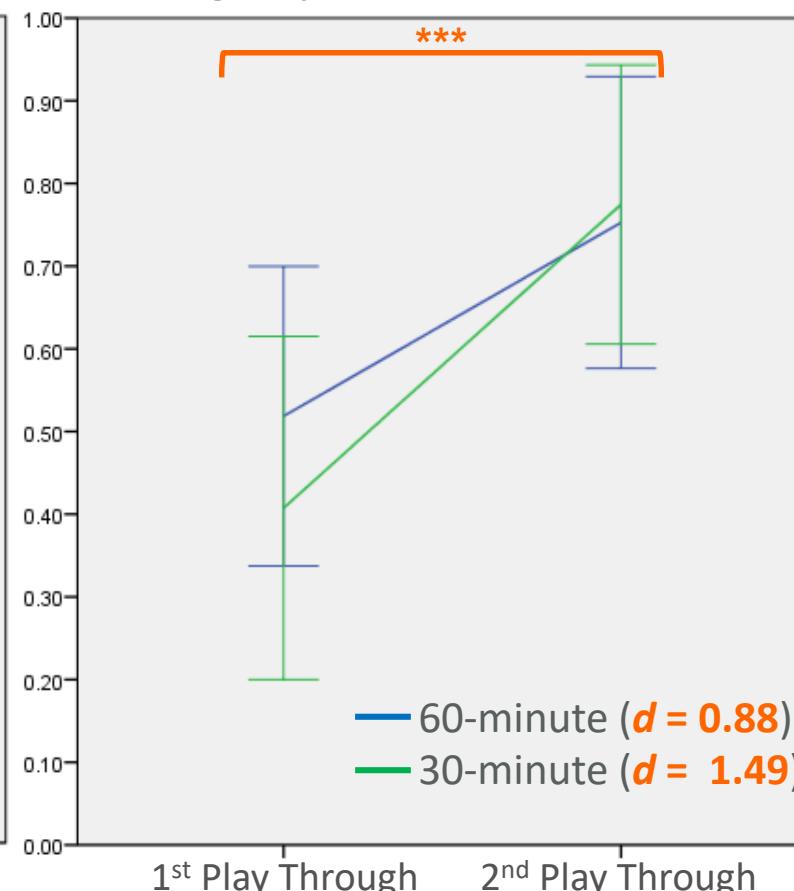
1<sup>st</sup> person present (*je*) vs. past (*j'ai*)

For players who lost (3 mistakes) on 1<sup>st</sup> play through → Increase in accuracy on 2<sup>nd</sup> play through

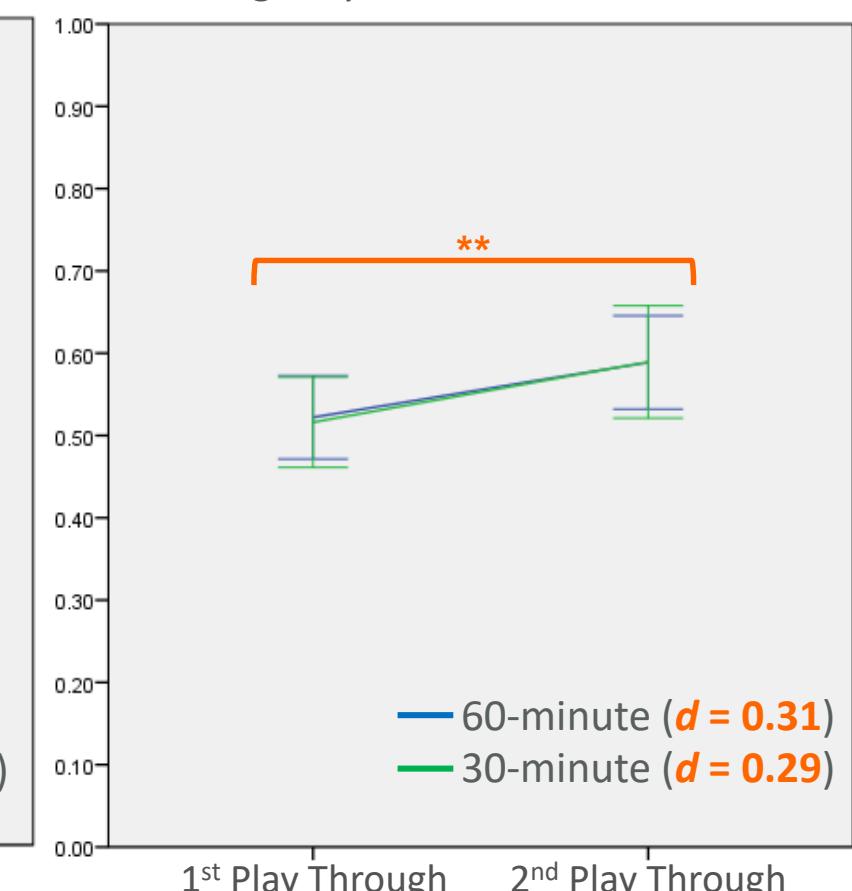
Reading & Listening (incl. Tutorial)



Reading only



Listening only



# Conclusions

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Meaningful, game-based, grammar practice did lead to learning

- Overall accuracy was high
- Some mini-games / grammar features more challenging than others
- Increase in accuracy over question sets (R&L → R)
  - Difficulty transferring between skills (R → L)
  - More opportunity to practice listening

Frequency of play (two 30-min sessions vs. one 60-min session per week) did not impact learning effectiveness

- Accuracy marginally higher for 30-min group
- Similar learning trajectories followed by both groups

# Future directions

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## Variation in individual performance

- Rate and extent of knowledge development for sub-groups and individual learners
- Amount of practice needed (e.g. 1<sup>st</sup> vs. 2<sup>nd</sup> play through)

## Adapt instruction to suit individual learners

- Amount and nature of explicit information
- Amount of practice

## Integration of game-based practice within normal classroom practice



# Pupil comments

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“That’s the best score I’ve ever got!”

“I got three stars in that game!”

“I actually get it now!”

“I only got one wrong that time!”

“If it’s got –ons it means all of them.”

“I learnt when it’s j-a-i, it has already happened.”



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